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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/012,466	12/12/2001	Bruno Richard	50002133-2	7262

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HEWLETT-PACKARD COMPANY
Intellectual Property Administration
P.O. Box 272400
Fort Collins, CO 80527-2400

EXAMINER

THAI, HANH B

ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
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2161

DATE MAILED: 12/28/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary	Application No.		Applicant(s)	
	10/012,466		RICHARD ET AL.	
	Examiner		Art Unit	
	Hanh B Thai		2161	

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on amendment filed July 20, 2004.
- 2a) ☒ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☐ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1-39 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 1-39 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

- | | |
|---|---|
| 1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) | 4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413) |
| 2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) | Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____ |
| 3) <input type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) | 5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) |
| Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____ | 6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____ |

DETAILED ACTION

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-39 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection. Applicant seems to argue the claims as amended.

However, the added limitations of "semantic data" are not supported by the specification.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

1. Claims 1-22 and 24-38 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the written description requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention. In particular, the limitation "semantic data" is not defined in the specification. Applicant pointed to page 1, lines 15-20 and page 7, lines 34-36 as support for the claimed indexing process. However, there is not enough support to show how the scanning step of the backing up operation is used to derive a set of itemized semantic data indexes for subsequent use in obtaining direct access to the files.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

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(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

2. Claims 23-28 and 39 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Whiting et al. (U. S. Patent no. 5,778,395).

Regarding claim 23, Whiting discloses a process for indexing files residing on a computer, comprising the steps of:

- executing one or more periodic backup operations on the files, said backup operation including the step of scanning the files (see col. 3, line 7-48 and col. 14, line 45-49, Whiting);
- using said scanning operation to derive a set of itemized indexes for subsequent use in obtaining direct access to said files (see col.4, line 25-32, col. 5, line 45-46 and col. 14, line 48-51, Whiting).

Regarding claim 24, Whiting further discloses a centralized environment where a server (100, Fig. 1, Whiting) is associated with a database (101, Fig. 1, Whiting), said database adapted to store backup files and wherein said server substantially simultaneously carries out the backup and the indexing of the files (see col. 6, line 21-32; col. 10, line 39-65 and col. 14, line 26-42, Whiting).

Regarding claim 25, Whiting further discloses the step of generating a centralized table of indexes stored on said server (col.3, line 49-53; col.4, lines 25-27 and line 59 to col.5; col.7, lines 24-31, line 2, Whiting).

Regarding claim 26, Whiting further discloses the control of access rights that are defined for each file including at least one indexing right (col.3, line 49-53; col.4, lines 25-27 and line 59 to col.5; col.7, lines 24-31, line 2, Whiting).

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Regarding claim 27, Whiting further discloses the at least one indexing right includes: a first indexing attribute which authorizes the indexing of a given file within the centralized index; and a second indexing attribute defining selective access to that file (col.3, lines 49-53 and col.4, line59 to col.5, line 31, Whiting).

Regarding claim 28, Whiting further discloses that the program code elements are arranged to transmit to a computer a local table of indexes representative of the different files stored on that computer after completion of the backup of files residing on that computer (see col. 14, line 49-54, Whiting).

Regarding claim 39, Whiting discloses a program product for backing up files within a network of computers, comprising:

(a) computer program code stored on a computer readable medium adapted, when executed on a computer, (i) to execute one or more repeated backup operations on files stored on a computer, said backup operation including the step of scanning the files (see col. 3, line 33-48 and col. 14, line 45-49, Whiting); and (ii) to derive using said scanning operation a set of itemized indexes for subsequent use in obtaining direct access to said files (see col. 4, line 25-30, col. 5, line 45-46 and col. 14, line 45-49, Whiting); and

(b) computer program code stored on a computer readable medium adapted, when executed on a computer, to search for a file stored on a plurality of computers connected to, or constituting, a network within such a set of itemized indexes (see col. 5, line 3-34 and col.13, line 11-36, Whiting), by (i) initiating a search request for a given file, said request containing a set of key words or indexes, (ii) processing said search request by reference to a first local table of indexes stored on one of said plurality of computers in order to locate a first set of relevant

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files extracted from said one computer (col. 17, line 5 to col. 18, line 35, Whiting); (iii) processing an additional search within a centralized index on a server (col. 6, line 21-32; col. 10, line 39-65 and col. 14, line 26-42, Whiting) for the purpose of obtaining any additional results corresponding to files stored on the backup database (see col. 8, line 8-20, Whiting), (iv) displaying the result of said additional search (see col. 35, line 44-63, Whiting).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

3. Claims 1-22 and 29-38 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Whiting et al. (U. S. Patent no. 5,778,395) in view of Curtis et al. (US 6,278,992).

Regarding claims 1, 12-13 and 16-17, Whiting discloses a process for indexing files residing on a computer, comprising the steps of:

- executing one or more periodic backup operations on the files, said backup operation including the step of scanning the files (see col. 3, line 7-48 and col. 14, line 45-49, Whiting);
- using said scanning operation to derive a set of itemized indexes for subsequent use in obtaining direct access to said files (see col. 4, line 25-32, col. 5, line 45-46 and col. 14, line 48-51, Whiting).

Whiting, however, does not disclose “semantic data”. Curtis, on the other hand, discloses a search engine system including an URL index server wherein the URL is used to search

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and locate documents or “semantic data” of interest (col.21, lines 24-35 and col.23, lines 9-65, Curtis). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify Whiting to include the claimed limitation as taught by Curtis.

The motivation of doing so would have been to provide an efficient system with significant high speed (col.6, lines 9-15 and 59-60, Curtis).

Regarding claim 2, Whiting/Curtis combination further discloses the restoring of many files from the backup (see 4. line 46-50 and col. 5, line 41-46, Whiting) and the files including system files, program files and other files. Therefore, these files must contain both text-processing files and compound files.

Regarding claims 3 and 32, Whiting/Curtis combination further discloses a centralized environment where a server (100, Fig. 1, Whiting) is associated with a database (101, Fig. 1, Whiting), said database adapted to store backup files and wherein said server substantially simultaneously carries out the backup and the indexing of the files (see col. 6, line 21-32; col. 10, line 39-65 and col. 14, line 26-42, Whiting).

Regarding claims 4 and 33, Whiting/Curtis combination further discloses the step of generating a centralized table of indexes loaded on said server (col.3, lines 49-53 and col.4, line 59 to col.5, line 2, Whiting).

Regarding claims 5 and 34, Whiting/Curtis combination further discloses that the access rights are defined for each file including at least one indexing right that is used for controlling the indexing process of the files within the centralized table of indexes (col.3, line 49-53; col.4, lines 25-27 and line 59 to col.5; col.7, lines 24-31, line 2, Whiting).

Regarding claims 6 and 35, Whiting/Curtis combination further discloses a first indexing attribute which authorizes the indexing of a given file within the centralized index; and a second indexing attribute defining selective access to that file (Fig.22 and corresponding text, Curtis. The “index” and “new index” corresponds to first and second index with value attribute).

Regarding claim 7, Whiting/Curtis combination further discloses the backup of files residing on a first machine, said server transmits to the first machine a local table of indexes representative of the different documents stored on that first machine (see col. 14, line 49-54, Whiting).

Regarding claim 8, Whiting/Curtis combination further discloses that the transfer of the files which are to be backed up uses the Hyper Text Transfer (H.T.T.P.), RCP, FTP or the like protocols (see col. 13, line 31-38, Whiting).

Regarding claims 9-10, Whiting/Curtis combination further discloses that the files correspond to system and/or user files and the indexing is performed in relation to the user files (see Fig. 3 and corresponding text, Whiting).

Regarding claim 11, Whiting/Curtis combination further discloses

- initiating a search request for a given file, said request containing a set of key words or indexes (see col. 5, line 3-34 and col.13, line 11-36, Whiting);
- processing said search request by reference to a first local table of indexes stored on one of said plurality of computers in order to locate a first set of relevant files extracted from said one computer (col.17, line 5 to col. 18, line 35, Whiting);
- processing, upon request from the user, an additional search within said centralized index loaded into said server for the purpose of obtaining any

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additional results corresponding to files stored on the backup database (see col. 8, line 8-20, Whiting).

- displaying the result of said additional search and, for each or any file having a selective access attribute, automatically generating an electronic mail to be sent to a corresponding originator of said file for the purpose of requesting access to said file (see col. 35, line 44-63, Whiting).

Regarding claim 14, Whiting discloses a knowledge-base system comprising:

- means for regularly backing up files stored on computers connected to or constituting a network (see col. 3, line 7-48 and col. 7, line 8-31, Whiting);
- means for substantially simultaneously indexing the files during the backup procedure for the purpose of creating and updating a database of backup files and documents as well as a centralized index of backed up documents (see col.4, line 59 to col.5, line 19; col. 14, line 26-65; Fig. 3 and corresponding text, Whiting).

Whiting, however, does not disclose “semantic data”. Curtis, on the other hand, discloses a search engine system including an URL index server wherein the URL is used to search and locate documents or “semantic data” of interest (col.21, lines 24-35 and col.23, lines 9-65, Curtis). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify Whiting to include the claimed limitation as taught by Curtis.

The motivation of doing so would have been to provide an efficient system with significant high speed (col.6, lines 9-15 and 59-60, Curtis).

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Regarding claim 15, Whiting discloses a backup process for a stand-alone computer comprising:

- opening each file which is to be backed up;
- while opening said file, compiling a set of indexes characterizing said files and which will be incorporated into a table of indexes (see col. 14, line 38-43, Whiting);
- closing said file upon completion of said backup and said indexing operation (see col. 14, line 26-65; Fig. 3 and corresponding text, Whiting).

Whiting, however, does not disclose “semantic data”. Curtis, on the other hand, discloses a search engine system including an URL index server wherein the URL is used to search and locate documents or “semantic data” of interest (col.21, lines 24-35 and col.23, lines 9-65, Curtis). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify Whiting to include the claimed limitation as taught by Curtis.

The motivation of doing so would have been to provide an efficient system with significant high speed (col.6, lines 9-15 and 59-60, Curtis).

Regarding claims 18, 21, 29, 31 and 37, Whiting discloses a process for indexing files residing on a plurality of computers attached to, or constituting a network for the purpose of generating a centralized table of indexes for use in obtaining direct access to said files, the table being stored on a server associated with a database adapted to store backup files, comprising the steps of:

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- executing repeated backup operations on the files, said backup operations including the step of scanning the files (see col. 3, line 33-48 and col. 14, line 45-49, Whiting);
- using the scanning operation to derive a set of itemized indexes, wherein the server substantially simultaneously carries out the backup and the indexing of the files (see col. 4, line 25-30, col. 5, line 45-46 and col. 14, line 45-49, Whiting).

Whiting, however, does not disclose “semantic data”. Curtis, on the other hand, discloses a search engine system including an URL index server wherein the URL is used to search and locate documents or “semantic data” of interest (col.21, lines 24-35 and col.23, lines 9-65, Curtis). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify Whiting to include the claimed limitation as taught by Curtis.

The motivation of doing so would have been to provide an efficient system with significant high speed (col.6, lines 9-15 and 59-60, Curtis).

Regarding claim 19, Whiting/Curtis combination further discloses that the access rights are defined for each file including at least one indexing right that is used for controlling the indexing process of the files within the centralized table of indexes (col.3, line 49-53; col.4, lines 25-27 and line 59 to col.5; col.7, lines 24-31, line 2, Whiting).

Regarding claims 20 and 22, Whiting/Curtis combination further discloses a first indexing attribute which authorizes the indexing of a given file within the centralized index (Fig.22 and corresponding text, Curtis. The “index” and “new index” corresponds to first and second index with value attribute).

Regarding claims 30 and 38, Whiting/Curtis combination further discloses the at least one indexing right includes: a first indexing attribute which authorizes the indexing of a given file within the centralized index; and a second indexing attribute defining selective access to that file (Fig.22 and corresponding text and col.3, line 49-53; col.4, lines 25-27 and line 59 to col.5; col.7, lines 24-31, line 2, Curtis. The “index” and “new index” corresponds to first and second index with value attribute).

Regarding claim 32, Whiting/Curtis combination further discloses a centralized environment where a server (100, Fig. 1, Whiting) is associated with a database (101, Fig. 1, Whiting), said database adapted to store backup files and wherein said server substantially simultaneously carries out the backup and the indexing of the files (see col. 6, line 21-32; col. 10, line 39-65 and col. 14, line 26-42, Whiting).

Regarding claim 33, Whiting/Curtis combination further discloses the step of generating a centralized table of indexes stored on said server (col.3, line 49-53; col.4, lines 25-27 and line 59 to col.5; col.7, lines 24-31, line 2, Whiting).

Regarding claim 36, Whiting/Curtis combination further discloses that the program code elements are arranged to transmit to a computer a local table of indexes representative of the different files stored on that computer after completion of the backup of files residing on that computer (see col. 14, line 49-54, Whiting).

Conclusion

4. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

5. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Hanh B Thai whose telephone number is 571-272-4029. The examiner can normally be reached on 8 AM - 4:30 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Safet Metjahic can be reached on 571-272-4023. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Hanh B Thai
Examiner
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December 16, 2004



UYEN LE
PRIMARY EXAMINER